

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023 Page 1 of 12

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name: JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Product code: DT-230

Recommended Use of the Product and Restriction on Use

Relevant Identified Uses: High Pressure Soap, High Foaming Detergent

Uses Advised Against: NA

Reasons Why Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or Supplier Details

Manufacturer: United States

JBS Industries 2726 Henkle Drive Lebanon, Ohio 45036 513-228-2800 SBAETEN@JBSINDUSTRIES.COM

Emergency Telephone Number:

North America

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Classification:

Skin corrosion, category 1A Serious eye damage, category 1

Carcinogenicity, category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, narcotic effects

Label elements

Hazard Pictograms:







Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H350 May cause cancer.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements:

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P405 Store locked up

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS Number: 68584-22-5	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	<90
CAS Number: 1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	<50
CAS Number: 111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	<10
CAS Number: 52-51-7	Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	<2

Additional Information: None

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

General Notes:

Not determined or not applicable.

After Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical

Page 2 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

advice/attention.

After Eye Contact:

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

After Swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Acute Symptoms and Effects:

Exposure to skin may result in redness, pain, burning, inflammation and tissue damage. Exposure to eyes may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision. Exposure via inhalation may result in cough, sore throat, burning sensation and shortness of breath. Exposure via ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, burning sensation in the throat and chest, nausea, vomiting, shock or collapse.

Delayed Symptoms and Effects:

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Exposure may cause cancer. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Specific Treatment:

If respiratory symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

In case of eye contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of skin contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of ingestion, seek prompt medical attention.

Notes for the Doctor:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards During Fire-Fighting:

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Page 3 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get on skin, eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Avoid breathing dust, mist, fumes, vapors or spray. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Reference to Other Sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in cool and dry location and out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
ACGIH	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m ³
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
OSHA	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 2 mg/m ³
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 240 mg/m ³ (50 ppm)
NIOSH	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	IDLH: 10 mg/m³
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	IDLH: 700 ppm
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	REL-TWA: 24 mg/m³ (5 ppm [up to 10 hr])
	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m³
United States(California)	Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	Ceiling Limit: 2 mg/m³
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 97 mg/m ³ (20 ppm)

Page 4 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023 Page 5 of 12

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
	Sodium hydroxide		REL: 8 ug/m³ (Acute Inhalation)
United States	2-Butoxyethanol		8-Hour TWA: 120 mg/m³ (25 ppm [U.S. State, Tennessee])

Biological Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Determin ant	Specimen		Permissibl e limits
ACGIH	2-Butoxyethanol	,	Creatinine in Urine	End of shift	200 mg/g

Information on Monitoring Procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye and Face Protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Consider the use of a face shield for splash protection. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Skin and Body Protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Full body protection should be worn. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

General Hygienic Measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Liquid
Odor	STD.
Odor threshold	Not determined or not available.
рН	7
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	Not determined or not available.
Evaporation rate	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined or not available.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density	Not determined or not available.
Density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	Not determined or not available.
Solubilities	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid generation of aerosols and mists, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Page 6 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Route	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2-	dermal	LD50 Rat: 1600 mg/kg
nitropropane-1,3-diol	oral	LD50 Rat: 254 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: > 0.588 mg/L (4 hr [aerosol])
2-Butoxyethanol	Dermal ATE	LD50 Rabbit: 1100 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 1200 mg/kg
	Inhalation ATE	LC50 Rat: 3 mg/L (4 hr [Vapours])
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-	inhalation	LC50 Rat: >1.9 mg/L (4 h [aerosol])
alkyl derivatives	Dermal ATE	LD50 Rabbit: 1100 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg
Sodium hydroxide	oral	LD50 Rat: 140-340 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 1350 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Causes skin irritation.
Sodium hydroxide	Causes severe skin burns.
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes skin irritation.
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Causes severe skins burns.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye damage.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Causes serious eye damage.
Sodium hydroxide	Causes serious eye damage.
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes serious eye irritation.
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Causes serious eye damage.

Page 7 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Carcinogenicity
Assessment:

May cause cancer.

Product Data: No data available. **Substance Data:** No data available.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Not Applicable
Sodium hydroxide	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Group 3
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16- alkyl derivatives	Not Applicable

National Toxicology Program (NTP):

Name	Classification
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Not Applicable
Sodium hydroxide	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Not Applicable
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Not Applicable

OSHA Carcinogens: Not applicable

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Assessment:

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Page 8 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

No data available.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics:

No data available. **Other Information:**No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Acute (Short-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result		
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2-	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.4 mg/L (48 hr [mortality])		
nitropropane-1,3-diol	Fish LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 35.7 mg/L (96 hr [mortality])		
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Skeletonema costatum: 0.25 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])		
2-Butoxyethanol	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1550 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])		
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 1474 mg/L (96 hr)		
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: 623 mg/L (72 hr [biomass])		
Sodium hydroxide	Fish LC50 Gambusia affinis: 125 mg/L (96 hr)		
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Ceriodaphnia sp.: 40.4 mg/L (48 hr [immobilization])		

Chronic (Long-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Substance Data.	
Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Fish NOEC Danio rerio: > 100 mg/L (21 d [markers for endocrine disruptive effects])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 100 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])

Page 9 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Name	Result
1 ' ' '	Fish NOEC Oncorhynchus mykiss: 21.5 mg/L (49 d [mortality])
nitropropane-1,3-diol	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 0.27 mg/L (21 d [overall])

Persistence and Degradability

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	This substance is readily biodegradable in water (70 - 80% degradation after 28 days, CO2 evolution).
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Under test conditions no biodegradation observed.
Sodium hydroxide	Persistence and degradability studies do not apply to inorganic substances.
2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is readily biodegradable. 90.4% degradation, measured by CO2 evolution, after 28 days.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result	
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected (BCF: 3.16, QSAR).	
2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow = 0.83).	
Sodium hydroxide	Bioaccumulation is not expected based on the substance's high water solubility. In addition, sodium is a naturally-occurring element that is prevalent in the environment and to which organisms are exposed regularly, for which they have some capacity to regulate the concentration in the organism.	

Mobility in Soil

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	This substance is highly mobile; therefore, adsorption to soil is not expected (estimated Koc: 5).
Sodium hydroxide	The substance has a high water solubility. As the dilution of the substance increases, its speed of movement through soil increases. During movement through soil, some ion exchange will occur.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product Data:

PBT assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT. **vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

Substance Data:

PBT assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not PBT.
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	This substance is not PBT.
Sodium hydroxide	PBT assessment does not apply to inorganic substances.

vPvB assessment:

Page 10 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not vPvB.
Bronopol (INN) 2-bromo-2- nitropropane-1,3-diol	This substance is not vPvB.
Sodium hydroxide	vPvB assessment does not apply to inorganic substances.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste material according to regulatory entities.

Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

United States Transportation of Dangerous Goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN Number	Not Regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN Number	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN Number	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

United States Regulations

Inventory Listing (TSCA): All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5): None of the ingredients are listed.

Page 11 of 12

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023 Page 12 of 12

Revision date: 11.02.2023

JB-55 Foam Brush Plus Candy Cane

Export Notification under TSCA Section 12(b): None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

	2-Butoxyethanol			Listed	
CERCLA:					
	1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed	1000 lb	
	111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed	N/A	

RCRA: None of the ingredients are listed.

Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA): None of the ingredients are listed.

Massachusetts Right to Know:

1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

New Jersey Right to Know:

1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

New York Right to Know:

1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

Pennsylvania Right to Know:

1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide	Listed
111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	Listed

California Proposition 65:

▲WARNING: This product can expose you to Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid; which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Additional information: Not determined.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with OSHA HCS 2012 guidelines. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

NFPA: 0-0-0 **HMIS:** 0-0-0

Initial Preparation Date: 11.02.2023

Revision date: 11.02.2023

End of Safety Data Sheet