

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023 Page 1 of 14

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product name: Low pH Detergent HPC

Product code: CPS-101

Recommended use of the product and restriction on use

Relevant identified uses: Presoak, Liquid Detergent

Uses advised against: NA

Reasons why uses advised against: Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or supplier details

Manufacturer: United States

JBS Industries 2726 Henkle Drive Lebanon, Ohio 45036 513-228-2800 SBAETEN@JBSINDUSTRIES.COM

Emergency telephone number:

North America

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

GHS classification:

Skin corrosion, category 1A
Serious eye damage, category 1
Carcinogenicity, category 1
Reproductive toxicity, category 1

Label elements

Hazard pictograms:





Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 Causes serious eye damage H350 May cause cancer.

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child (state specific effect if known) (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P264 Wash contaminated area thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor if difficulty in breathing occurs.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P405 Store locked up

P501 It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste materials according to regulatory entities.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

None

Reactivity with Water

In contact with water, releases gases which are if inhaled.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS number: 5329-14-6	Sulphamidic acid	<100
CAS number: 57-55-6	Propane-1,2-diol	<100
CAS number: 68603-42-9	Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	1-40
CAS number: 68584-22-5	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	1-15
CAS number: 1300-72-7	Sodium Xylenesulfonate	1-12.5
CAS number: 111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol	1-9.94999
CAS number: 107-21-1	Ethane-1,2-diol	<0.009

Additional Information: None

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Page 2 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Description of first-aid measures

General notes:

Not determined or not available.

After inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

After skin contact:

Treatment is urgent. Seek emergency medical treatment. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

After eye contact:

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Seek immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute symptoms and effects:

Exposure to skin may result in redness, pain, burning, inflammation and tissue damage. Exposure to eyes may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision. Exposure via inhalation may result in cough, sore throat, burning sensation and shortness of breath. Exposure via ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, burning sensation in the throat and chest, nausea, vomiting, shock or collapse.

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision.

Delayed symptoms and effects:

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Long term exposure may affect fertility. Symptoms include, but are not limited to: menstrual problems, altered sexual behavior/fertility/ and pregnancy outcome. Long term exposure may also affect development of the unborn child. Symptoms include, but are not limited to: intrauterine growth retardation, pre-term birth, birth defects and postnatal death.

Immediate medical attention and special treatment

Specific treatment:

In case of eye contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of skin contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

In case of ingestion, seek prompt medical attention.

Notes for the doctor:

Not determined or not available.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Page 3 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Suitable extinguishing media:

Not determined or not applicable.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Not determined or not applicable.

Specific hazards during fire-fighting:

Not determined or not applicable.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Not determined or not applicable.

Special precautions:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get on skin, eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Environmental precautions:

Not determined or not applicable.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Avoid breathing dust, mist, fumes, vapors or spray. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Reference to other sections:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Prevent skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not add water to the corrosive product. If it is necessary to mix a corrosive product with water, do so slowly adding the corrosive to cold water, in small amounts, and stir frequently. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep only in original packaging. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash affected areas

Page 4 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight and away from exit paths. Store in a corrosion-resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Inspect containers and storage area regularly for signs of leak and damage. Store containers at a convenient height for handling, below eye level if possible. High shelving increases the risk of dropping containers, personal injury and exposure. Ensure that appropriate fire fighting and spill-clean up equipment is readily available. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Store separately. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure limit values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
Alberta	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 97 mg/m³ (20 ppm)
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	Ceiling Limit: 100 mg/m³
British Columbia	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	15-Minute STEL: 20 mg/m³ ([Aerosol total])
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	8-Hour TWA: 10 mg/m³ ([Aerosol total])
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	Ceiling Limit: 50 ppm ([Vapour])
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	Ceiling Limit: 100 mg/m³ ([Aerosol total])
Manitoba	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	15-Minute STEL: 50 ppm ([Vapor fraction])
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	15-Minute STEL: 10 mg/m³ ([Aerosol, inhalable.])
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	8-Hour TWA: 25 ppm ([Vapor fraction])
Ontario	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	15-Minute STEL: 10 mg/m ³
	Propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	8-Hour TWA: 155 mg/m³ (50 ppm [vapor and aerosol])

Page 5 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023 Page

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
	Propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	8-Hour TWA: 10 mg/m³ (Aerosol only)
Quebec	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 97 mg/m³ (20 ppm)
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	Ceiling Limit: 127 mg/m³ (50 ppm)
Saskatchewan	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	15-Minute Contamination Limit: 30 ppm
	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour Contamination Limit: 20 ppm
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	Ceiling Limit: 100 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	8-Hour TWA: 20 ppm
	Ethane-1,2-diol	107-21-1	Ceiling Limit: 100 mg/m ³

Biological limit values:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Information on monitoring procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not determined or not applicable.

Personal protection equipment

Eye and face protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Consider the use of a face shield for splash protection. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Full body protection should be worn. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

General hygienic measures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Page 6 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color):	Liquid
Odor:	Std.
Odor threshold:	Not determined or not available.
pH-value:	2
Melting/Freezing point:	Not determined or not available.
Boiling point/range:	Not determined or not available.
Flash point:	Not determined or not available.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined or not available.
Explosion limit upper:	Not determined or not available.
Explosion limit lower:	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density:	Not determined or not available.
Density:	Not determined or not available.
Relative density:	Not determined or not available.
Solubilities:	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity:	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity:	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Chemical stability:

Stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

None under normal conditions of use and storage.

Conditions to avoid:

Avoid generation of aerosols and mists, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials:

None known.

Hazardous decomposition products:

None known.

Page 7 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Route	Result
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-	inhalation	LC50 Rat: >1.9 mg/L (4 h [aerosol])
alkyl derivatives	Dermal ATE	LD50 Rabbit: 1100 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg
2-Butoxyethanol	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 1060 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 1200 mg/kg (Annex VI to the CLP)
	oral	LD50 Rat: 470 mg/kg
	Inhalation ATE	LC50 Rat: 11 mg/L (4 hr [Vapor])
Amides, coco, N,N-	oral	LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg
bis(hydroxyethyl)	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: >= 2000 mg/kg
	oral	LD50 Rat: >= 3346 mg/kg
Ethane-1,2-diol	dermal	LD50 Mouse: > 3500 mg/kg
	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg (Converted acute toxicity point estimate)
Propane-1,2-diol	oral	LD50 Rat: 22000 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rabbit: > 44.9 mg/L (4hr [vapour])

Skin corrosion/irritation

Assessment:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Causes severe skins burns.
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes skin irritation.
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Causes skin irritation.
Sulphamidic acid	Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye damage.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Page 8 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Name	Result
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Causes serious eye damage.
2-Butoxyethanol	Causes serious eye irritation.
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Causes serious eye irritation.
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Causes serious eye damage.
Sulphamidic acid	Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Carcinogenicity
Assessment:

May cause cancer.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Species	Result
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)		There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of this substance. Cancer in experimental animals: There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of this substance.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Not Applicable
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Group 2B
2-Butoxyethanol	Group 3
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Not Applicable
Ethane-1,2-diol	Not Applicable
	Not Applicable
Propane-1,2-diol	Not Applicable

National Toxicology Program (NTP):

• • •	
Name	Classification
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Not Applicable
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Not Applicable
2-Butoxyethanol	Not Applicable
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Not Applicable

Page 9 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Name	Classification
Ethane-1,2-diol	Not Applicable
	Not Applicable
Propane-1,2-diol	Not Applicable

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment:

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available. Substance data:

Name	Result
Ethane-1,2-diol	May cause damage to Kidneys through prolonged or repeated Oral
	exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Information on likely routes of exposure:

No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

No data available.

Other information:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Acute (short-term) toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Page 10 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
2-Butoxyethanol	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1550 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 1474 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Freshwater algae: 1840 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
Ethane-1,2-diol	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: 6500 - 13,000 mg/L (96 hr [growth rate])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: > 100 mg/L (48 hr)
	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: 72,860 mg/L (96 hr)
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Aquatic Plants EC50 Algae: 2.9 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	Aquatic Plants EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum: >=758 mg/L (96 hr [growth rate; read-across])
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: >=1580 mg/L (96 hr [read-across])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: >1020 mg/L (48 hr [mobility; read-across])
Propane-1,2-diol	Aquatic Invertebrates LC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia: 18340 mg/L (48 hr [mortality])
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 40613 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 19000 mg/L (96 hr [growth rate])

Chronic (long-term) toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Ethane-1,2-diol	Fish NOEC Menidia peninsulae: > 40 mg/L (28 d [mortality])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: > 15,000 mg/L mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Aquatic Plants NOEC Algae: 1.25 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
2-Butoxyethanol	Fish LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 983 mg/L (7 d)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 297 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
Propane-1,2-diol	Aquatic Plants NOEC Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 15000 mg/L (14 d [growth rate])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Ceriodaphnia sp.: 13020 mg/L (7 d [reproduction])

Persistence and degradability

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives	Under test conditions no biodegradation observed.

Page 11 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Name	Result
Ethane-1,2-diol	Substance is readily biodegradable (90-100% degradation after 10 days in water by DOC removal).
2-Butoxyethanol	Readily biodegradable (90.4% degradation after 28 days, measured by CO2 evolution).
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	The substance is readily biodegradable. 83 - 85% degradation, measured by CO2 evolution, after 28 days.
Propane-1,2-diol	Readily biodegradable in water (81.7% degradation [CO2 evolution] in 28 days).

Bioaccumulative potential

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Ethane-1,2-diol	Bioaccumulation in organisms is not to be expected (log Kow: -1.36).
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Substance is expected to have low potential for bioaccumulation.
2-Butoxyethanol	Not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow = 0.83).
Propane-1,2-diol	Low potential for bioaccumulation (calculated BCF: 0.09).

Mobility in soil

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Amides, coco, N,N- bis(hydroxyethyl)	Substance is expected to have low sorption to soil, and mobility in soil [estimated log Koc: 1.60].
Ethane-1,2-diol	Adsorption to the solid soil phase is not expected.
Propane-1,2-diol	Highly mobile (calculated Koc: 2.9).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product data:

PBT assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT. **vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

Substance data:

PBT assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not PBT.
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	The substance is not PBT.
Ethane-1,2-diol	The substance is not PBT.
Sulphamidic acid	This substance is not PBT.
Propane-1,2-diol	The substance is not PBT.

vPvB assessment:

2-Butoxyethanol	The substance is not vPvB.
Sodium Xylenesulfonate	The substance is not vPvB.
Ethane-1,2-diol	The substance is not vPvB.
Sulphamidic acid	This substance is not vPvB.
Propane-1,2-diol	The substance is not vPvB.

Page 12 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

Other adverse effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to characterize all waste materials according to regulatory entities.

Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

UN number	2586
UN proper shipping name	Alkyl Sulfonic Acid, Liquids
UN transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code		
Bulk Name	None	
Ship type	None	
Pollution category	None	

Page 13 of 14

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Page 14 of 14

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

Revision date: 03.08.2023

Low pH Detergent HPC

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Canada regulations

Domestic substances list (DSL): All ingredients are listed or exempt. **Non-domestic substances list (NDSL):** None of the ingredients are listed.

Additional information: Not determined.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

Initial preparation date: 03.08.2023

End of Safety Data Sheet